

**Dredging and Pile Driving Monitoring Plan**  
**Sturgeon Monitoring During Pile Driving**  
**60-day Report**  
**9/28/2014 – 11/22/2014**  
*for the*  
**New NY Bridge Project**

**Revision 0**  
**December 1, 2014**

*Prepared by*  
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Document History			
Issue Date	Description	By	Revision
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## **1.0 Introduction**

This report summarizes the methods and results of sturgeon monitoring during permanent pile driving of [REDACTED] piles for the period of September 28, 2014 to November 22, 2014. Sturgeon monitoring was conducted per the Dredging and Pile Driving Monitoring Plan, Revision 2 (the Plan) for the New NY Bridge Project (the Project). This Plan was developed to comply with applicable requirements of the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (NYSDEC) Permit DEC ID 3-9903-00043/00012 issued on March 25, 2013 (NYSDEC Permit) and the September 23, 2014 Endangered Species Act Section 7 Consultation Biological Opinion (BO) issued by the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS).

## **2.0 Monitoring Methods**

Tappan Zee Constructors, LLC (TZC) conducted impact pile driving monitoring for permanent [REDACTED] piles at [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] piles at [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] from the pile driving barge and a small vessel per the Plan. A barge-based and a vessel-based monitor were on site for all piles driven during the reporting period (Appendix A).

On October 8, 2014 impact pile driving occurred [REDACTED]. Per the Plan, one vessel monitored the Hudson River for injured or dead fish from the start of pile driving to one hour after all pile driving was completed for the day. Figure 1 provides the GPS transects completed by the fish monitoring crew on October 8, 2014. At 12:11 the vessel-based monitors identified a dead shortnose sturgeon north of Pier 24. The location of the fish is provided in Figure 1. Refer to Section 3.1, Appendix A, and Appendix B for more information. Pile driving occurred during ebb current; subsequently, the fish monitoring crew completed several circular and sawtooth patterns south of the existing Tappan Zee Bridge. Fish Monitoring crews continued to monitor for fish while transiting between piers.

### 3.0 Results

A total of [REDACTED] piles were impact driven from September 28, 2014 through November 22, 2014. [REDACTED] piles were installed at [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] piles were installed at [REDACTED].

A total of [REDACTED] piles were impact driven from September 28, 2014 through November 22, 2014. [REDACTED] piles were installed at [REDACTED], [REDACTED] piles were installed at [REDACTED], [REDACTED] piles were installed at [REDACTED], [REDACTED] piles were installed at [REDACTED], and [REDACTED] piles were installed at [REDACTED].

Monitoring activities and results from both [REDACTED] piles are summarized in Appendix A.

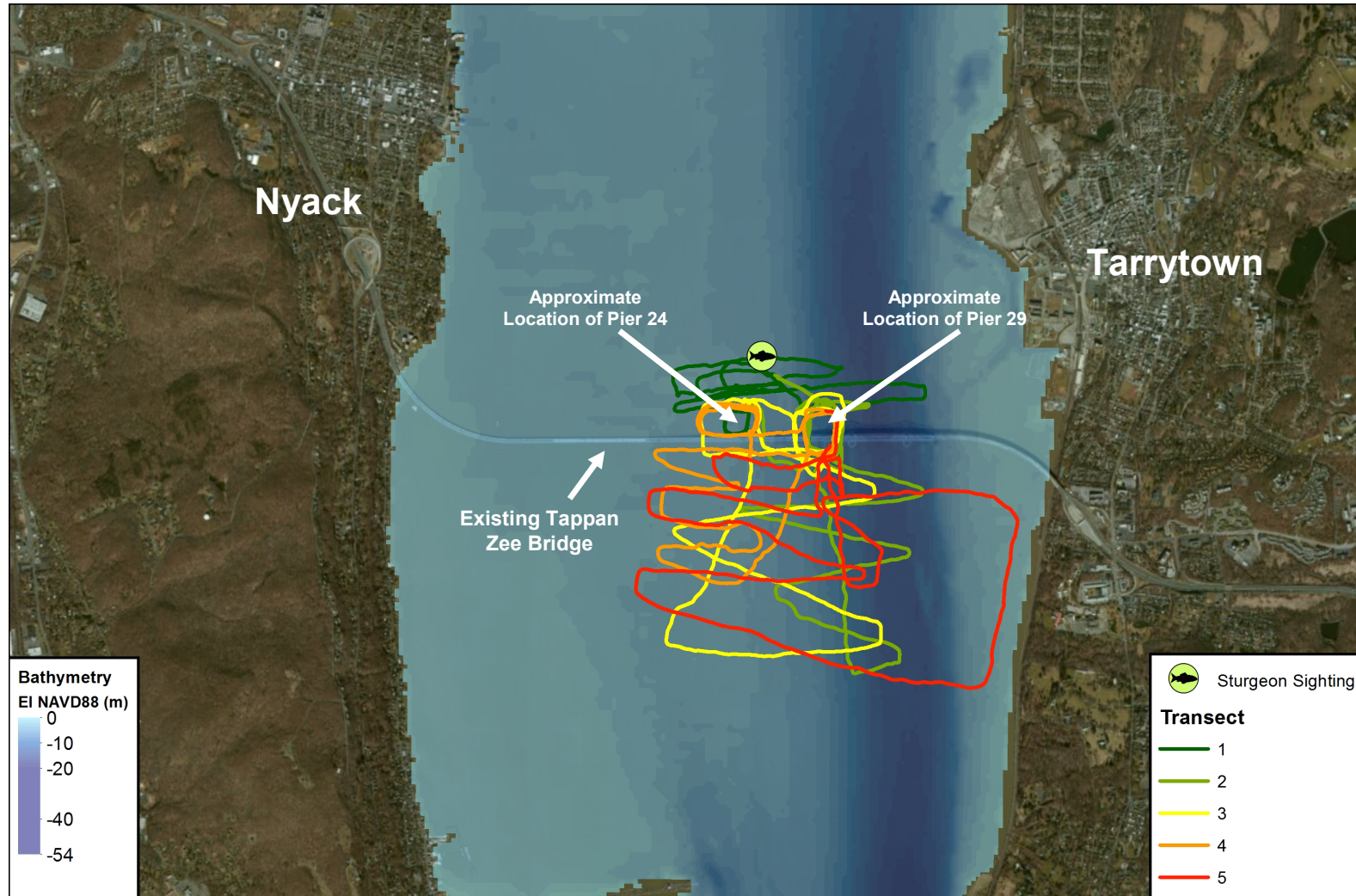
#### 3.1 Observed Sturgeon

On October 8, 2014 a shortnose sturgeon was observed by the vessel-based monitors north of [REDACTED] at 12:11pm (Figures 1-4). The Oversight Environmental Compliance Manager (OECM) was notified and indicated that the fish was in too far a state of decay for a necropsy based on the *Necropsy Plan* and directed TZC to dispose of the fish per the *Sturgeon Sighting Protocol* after collecting the requisite data. The fish was processed and photographed per the Plan, deposited on the shore above the high water line, and spray painted orange. A Passive Integrated Transponder (PIT) tag was not present. Refer to Appendix A and Appendix B for more information.

On October 24, 2014 a shortnose sturgeon was observed by a TZC vessel in the vicinity of the Tarrytown Marina at 12:07pm (Figures 5-7). TZC was not conducting impact pile driving on October 24, 2014. The Oversight OECM was notified and indicated that the fish was suitable for necropsy based on the *Necropsy Plan* and directed TZC to prepare the fish for necropsy after collecting the requisite data. The fish was processed and photographed per the Plan and transferred to a courier that delivered the fish to Cornell University per the *Necropsy Plan*. A Passive Integrated Transponder (PIT) tag was not present. Refer to Appendix A, Appendix B, and Appendix C for more information.

#### 3.2 Observed Non-sturgeon Species

A total of six fish, not including sturgeon, were observed during the reporting period. Observed species and quantities include four Atlantic menhaden and two striped bass. A summary of the dates, times, condition of the fish, and location of fish observed is provided in Appendix A.



**Figure 1.**  
**GPS Transects**  
**October 8, 2014 (6-foot Piles, 4-foot Piles, and Observed Sturgeon)**

Document Path: \\pri-srv3\GIS\_Projects\459974\_Fluor\_AmericanBr\_Granite\_TraylorBros\195455\_TZJDEnvironmental\_Design\GIS\Map\_Docs\DraftSturgeon\_Monitoring\2014-11-20\_ENV\_MAP\_October\_Transects.mxd





Figure 2. Sturgeon Collected October 8, 2014 (1 of 3)



Figure 3. Sturgeon Collected October 8, 2014 (2 of 3)



Figure 4. Sturgeon Collected October 8, 2014 (3 of 3)



Figure 5. Sturgeon Collected October 24, 2014 (1 of 3)



Figure 6. Sturgeon Collected October 24, 2014 (2 of 3)



Figure 7. Sturgeon Collected October 24, 2014 (3 of 3)

## **APPENDIX A**

### **Summary of Pile Driving Sturgeon Monitoring Activities**

**Appendix A**  
**Summary of Pile Driving Sturgeon Monitoring Activities**  
**New NY Bridge Project**  
**NMFS 60-Day Report**  
**9/28/2014 - 11/22/2014**

Report Date: 12/1/2014  
Reporting Period: 9/28/2014 - 11/22/2014  
Number of Sturgeon Observed: 2

Date	Pier-Pile No.	Start - End Times of Impact Pile Driving	Barge-Based Monitoring Time	Vessel-Based Monitoring Time	Number of Fish Observed	Species	Sturgeon Specimen Log Number	Condition of Fish When Observed	Time Observed	Location Observed (Lat/Long or Barge Name)
9/30/2014		10:15 - 13:55	10:15 - 14:00	10:15 - 17:00	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
		11:45 - 16:03	11:45 - 16:03		0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
10/1/2014		8:09 - 13:24	8:10 - 13:25	8:09 - 14:27	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
		10:23 - 11:46	10:20 - 11:45		0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
10/3/2014	9:04 - 14:36	9:00 - 14:35	9:05 - 15:39	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				1	Striped Bass	NA	Decaying	11:07	41 04.3286°N / 73 54.3277°W	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
10/7/2014	8:48 - 15:26	8:50 - 15:28	8:49 - 16:46	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
10/8/2014	11:12 - 16:35	11:11 - 16:40	11:12 - 18:01	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
	11:49 - 16:26	11:50 - 16:30		1	Shortnose Sturgeon	201410080101	Moderately Decomposed	12:11	41 04.5108°N / 73 53.4244°W	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
10/14/2014	8:22 - 12:55	8:22 - 12:50	8:22 - 18:16 <sup>h</sup>	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				1	Striped Bass	NA	Decaying	11:22	41 04.3381°N / 73 53.0153°W	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
	10:02 - 18:00	10:00 - 18:00		0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
10/17/2014	10:53 - 13:22	11:00 - 14:00	10:53 - 14:30	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
10/20/2014	8:27 - 9:47	8:30 - 10:00	8:28 - 10:49	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
10/21/2014	8:26 - 16:17	8:00 - 16:45	7:56 - 17:20	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
10/22/2014		8:03 - 8:30	8:05 - 9:21	8:03 - 10:03	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
10/24/2014		NA	NA	12:00 - 13:00	1	Shortnose Sturgeon	201410240101	Fresh Dead	12:07	41.076133°N / 73.87390°W
10/27/2014		9:34 - 12:56	9:30 - 14:00	9:34 - 17:23	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
		11:12 - 16:20	11:11 - 16:20		0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

**Appendix A**  
**Summary of Pile Driving Sturgeon Monitoring Activities**  
**New NY Bridge Project**  
**NMFS 60-Day Report**  
**9/28/2014 - 11/22/2014**

**TAPPAN ZEE**  
**CONSTRUCTORS, LLC**

Report Date: 12/1/2014  
Reporting Period: 9/28/2014 - 11/22/2014  
Number of Sturgeon Observed: 2

Date	Pier-Pile No.	Start - End Times of Impact Pile Driving	Barge-Based Monitoring Time	Vessel-Based Monitoring Time	Number of Fish Observed	Species	Sturgeon Specimen Log Number	Condition of Fish When Observed	Time Observed	Location Observed (Lat/Long or Barge Name)
10/28/2014		8:57 - 16:00	8:57 - 16:05	8:55 - 17:01	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
10/30/2014		11:49 - 14:14	11:48 - 14:15	11:48 - 15:23	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
10/31/2014		8:10 - 10:30	8:10 - 10:30	8:09 - 16:13	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
		9:10 - 15:12	9:00 - 15:20		0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
11/3/2014		11:00 - 12:35	11:00 - 12:40	11:01 - 13:52	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
11/4/2014		10:41 - 14:09	10:40 - 14:12	10:40 - 15:10	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
					0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
11/5/2014	8:27 - 11:43	8:30 - 11:50	8:27 - 12:57	1	Atlantic menhaden	NA	Fresh Dead	8:36	41.07360°N / 73.88917°W	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
11/7/2014	10:03 - 11:59	10:00 - 12:00	10:02 - 13:10	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
11/10/2014	8:18 - 12:32	8:20 - 12:40	8:18 - 13:33	2	Atlantic menhaden	NA	Fresh Dead	8:26	41 04.4344°N / 73 53.9173°W	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
11/12/2014	9:13 - 12:53	9:13 - 13:00	9:12 - 13:56	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
11/13/2014	14:14 - 15:55	14:15 - 16:05	14:14 - 16:39	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
11/14/2014	8:39 - 14:16	8:20 - 15:00	8:36 - 15:17	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
11/20/2014	8:00 - 13:03	7:45 - 13:08	8:03 - 14:06	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
				1	Atlantic menhaden	NA	Fresh Dead	10:53	Pier 126 of Existing Bridge <sup>c</sup>	
				0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	

Notes: Non-sturgeon species are not recovered for data collection.

<sup>a</sup> Vessel-based monitoring occurred until official sunset per plan.

<sup>b</sup> No impact pile driving occurred on October 24, 2014. See Section 3.1 for more information.

<sup>c</sup> Fish observed being scavenged upon by a gull on Pier 126 of existing bridge.



## **APPENDIX B**

**Vessel-Based Monitoring Data Forms, Sturgeon Chains of Custody, Sturgeon Take Reports, Sturgeon Data Collection Forms, Summary Sheets for Genetic Tissue Samples  
October 8 and October 24, 2014**

**Tappan Zee Hudson River Crossing  
Vessel-Based Monitoring Data Form**

Page 1 of 2

**Survey Information**

Observation type (circle) :

Survey

Response

Date: 10/8/14	Crew: JLC SSN	Vessel: Parker
Construction Activity: PD 1H	Survey Start Time: 0600	Survey End Time: 1930

**Weather/Water Conditions (Survey Only)**

Air Temperature (°C): 17	Wind Direction: W	Wind Speed (mph): 10-15
Cloud Cover: Partly cloudy	Precipitation: N/A	
Wave height: 1'	Tide stage: Flood → ebb	
Water Temperature (°C): 18.8	Water Salinity (ppt): 9.2	

**GPS Transect Information**

Transect ID Number	Start Time	Finish Time	Starting Loc.	Finish Loc.
20141008-1	1112	1248	41°04.4000 73°53.5493	41°04.4372 73°53.3546
20141008-2	1248	1429	41°04.4372 73°53.3546	41°04.3497 73°53.4976
20141008-3	1429	1542	41°04.3497 73°53.4976	41°04.1273 73°53.4847
20141008-4	1542	1651	41°04.1273 73°53.4847	41°04.3082 73°53.1105
20141008-5	1651	1801	41°04.3082 73°53.1105	41°04.1494 73°53.135

**Observations (Survey Only)**

Other Fish Species: None					
Species ID	Quantity	Time Observed	Transect Number	Location Observed (Lat/Long)	Condition (stunned, freshly dead, decaying)

DWR # and Description: \_\_\_\_\_

Originated by: Joe Cassone

Date: 20141008

Checked by: Paul Moccio

Date: 20141009

QC'd PAM  
10/9/14

\*YYYYMMDDXXZZ (XX = Chronological sample # for ea. date, ZZ = Chronological fish # in ea. sample)

**Tappan Zee Hudson River Crossing  
Vessel-Based Monitoring Data Form**

Page 2 of 2

<b>Piscivorous/Scavenging Bird Activity Observed (Circle):</b> Y <u>N</u>	<div style="text-align: right;"> <u>X</u> = Hit on 10/7/14         </div>
<b>Comments/Additional Observations:</b> 0800 Observed crows/robins recovering Port-Johns from River 0950 Standing hammers at both [redacted] 1036 Lifting hammer at [redacted] 1053 Hammer on 1st pile at [redacted] 1112 Begin hammering 1st pile at [redacted] 1138 Lifting hammer at [redacted] 1149 Begin hammering at [redacted] pile [redacted] ~1220 lift hammer 1312 Began hitting 2nd pile [redacted] 1424 Hammer up @ [redacted] 1430 Hammers on piles @ both piers 1437 Begin hammering 3rd pile @ [redacted] ~1456 Begin hammering 2nd pile [redacted] 1537 Hammer in circle [redacted] 1548 Begin hammering @ [redacted] 1605 Hammer on final pile at [redacted] 1607 Begin hammering 1616 Will avoid main channel area during transsects due to moving of west coast lifter under main span 1211 - R/V Charlie Morris calls that they see a sturgeon 1214 - we recovered sturgeon ~1240 R/V Charlie Morris informs us that [redacted] is having problems w/ bubble loss 1327 Chris Coccora calls to inform us that sturgeon doesn't have to be sent for necropsy due to decomposition of fish. It should be released above high tide mark along river 1633 Hammer off final pile at [redacted] 1640 Hammer off final pile at [redacted] 1650 Both hammers in circle	

**Sturgeon Information**

<b>Sturgeon Observed (circle):</b> <u>Y</u> N	<b>Recovered (circle):</b> <u>Y</u> N	
<b>Time Observed:</b> 1211	<b>Species (SN/AT):</b> SN	<b>Fish ID*:</b> 201410080101
<b>Location Recovered (Lat/Lon):</b> 41°04.5108      73 53.4244		<b>Time Recovered:</b> 1214
<b>Water Depth @ Recovery Loc. (ft):</b> 16.9	<b>Recovery Method:</b> net	
<b>Recovered From (circle):</b> <u>River</u> Scow		
<b>Condition/Disposition:</b> Dead, Decaying      no eyes or gills, and large hole @ anus		
<b>Photo #s:</b>		<b>Photo Descriptions:</b>
<b>Weight (g):</b> ~4165 202	<b>TL (mm):</b> 759	<b>FL (mm):</b> 684
<b>Interorbital Width (mm):</b> 53.72	<b>Mouth Width (mm):</b> ~46 (a lot of decom)	<b>Fin Clip?</b> <u>Y</u> N
<b>PIT Tag Present?</b> Y <u>N</u>	<b>PIT Tag Fitted?</b> Y <u>N</u>	<b>PIT Tag #:</b> _____
<b>Location Returned (Lat/Lon):</b> 41°06'10.5      -73 54 58.1		<b>Time Returned:</b> 1845
<b>Water Depth @ Return Loc. (ft):</b> _____	<b>Return Method:</b> By hand above high water mark per OELM	
<b>Sturgeon Forms Completed (circle):</b> <u>Sample Collection</u> Incident Report <u>Salvage</u>		

## APPENDIX E

### Sturgeon Take Report - Part A

Photographs should be taken and the following information should be collected from all sturgeon (alive and dead). Please submit all necropsy results (including sex and stomach contents) to NMFS upon receipt. You must also complete and submit the "Sturgeon Data Collection Form"

Observer's full name: Stephen Niero  
Reporter's full name: Stephen Niero

Species Identification: Sturgeon (shortnose)

Site of Collection: 1200' N of Tappan Zee Bridge

Date animal observed: 10/8/14 Time animal observed: 1211  
Date animal collected: 10/8/14 Time animal collected: 1214

Environmental conditions at time of observation (i.e., tidal stage, weather):

Tide was slack, West wind, choppy waves

Project-related activities on going at time of observation (e.g., pile driving, dredging, etc.):

Impact Hammer [REDACTED]

DWR # and Description: \_\_\_\_\_

Originated by: Steve Niero

Date: 20141008

Checked by: Paul Moccio

Date: 20141009

191  
AC'd PAM  
10/9/14

# STURGEON DATA COLLECTION FORM

For use in documenting sturgeon injury or mortality incidental to a federal action and exempted pursuant to a NMFS issued incidental take statement

## OBSERVER'S CONTACT INFORMATION

Name: First Stephen Last Niero  
Agency Affiliation HDR Email Sniero@hdrinc.com  
Address 404 Airport Executive Park  
Nanuet NY 10954  
Area code/Phone number 845-708-8912

SEC 7 UNIQUE IDENTIFIER (PCTS No.  
Assigned by NMFS)

## DATE REPORTED:

Month 10 Day 08 Year 2014

## DATE EXAMINED:

Month 10 Day 08 Year 2014

## SPECIES: (check one)

- ☒ shortnose sturgeon  
☐ Atlantic sturgeon  
☐ Unidentified *Acipenser* species  
Check "Unidentified" if uncertain.  
See reverse side of this form for aid in identification.

## LOCATION FOUND: ☐ Offshore (Atlantic) ☒ Inshore (bay, river, sound, inlet, etc)

River/Body of Water Hudson River City Nyack/Tarrytown State NY  
Descriptive location (be specific) ~1200 ft North of new Pier at  
new Tappan Zee Bridge, just west of mid span

Latitude 41°04.5108 N (Dec. Degrees) Longitude 73°53.4244 W (Dec. Degrees)

## CARCASS CONDITION at time examined: (check one)

- ☐ 1 = Fresh dead  
☒ 2 = Moderately decomposed  
☐ 3 = Severely decomposed  
☐ 4 = Dried carcass  
☐ 5 = Skeletal, scutes & cartilage

## SEX:

- ☒ Undetermined  
☐ Female ☐ Male  
How was sex determined?  
☐ Necropsy  
☐ Eggs/milt present when pressed  
☐ Borescope

## MEASUREMENTS:

Circle unit

Fork length 68.4 cm/in  
Total length 75.2 cm/in  
Length ☒ actual ☐ estimate  
Mouth width (inside lips, see reverse side) \*4.6 cm/in  
Interorbital width (see reverse side) 5.9 cm/in  
Weight ☐ actual ☒ estimate 412.2 kg/lb

TAGS PRESENT? Examined for external tags including fin clips? ☒ Yes ☐ No Scanned for PIT tags? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Tag # No PIT Tag Tag Type \_\_\_\_\_ Location of tag on carcass \_\_\_\_\_

## CARCASS DISPOSITION: (check one or more)

- ☐ 1 = Left where found  
☐ 2 = Buried  
☒ 3 = Collected for necropsy/salvage  
☐ 4 = Frozen for later examination  
☐ 5 = Other (describe) \_\_\_\_\_

Released on shore above High Tide Marker

## Carcass Necropsied?

☐ Yes ☒ No

Date Necropsied: \_\_\_\_\_

Necropsy Lead: \_\_\_\_\_

## PHOTODOCUMENTATION:

Photos/video taken? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Disposition of Photos/Video: \_\_\_\_\_

## SAMPLES COLLECTED? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Sample	How preserved	Disposition (person, affiliation, use)
<u>Fin Clip</u>	<u>Ethanol</u>	<u>Stephen Niero HDR</u>

## Comments:

\* Mouth width measurement is approximate due to decomposition

QC'd PAM  
10/9/14

# Distinguishing Characteristics of Atlantic and Shortnose Sturgeon

Characteristic	Atlantic Sturgeon, <i>Acipenser oxyrinchus</i>	Shortnose Sturgeon, <i>Acipenser brevirostrum</i>
Maximum length	> 9 feet/ 274 cm	4 feet/ 122 cm
Mouth	Football shaped and small. Width inside lips < 55% of bony interorbital width	Wide and oval in shape. Width inside lips > 62% of bony interorbital width
*Pre-anal plates	Paired plates posterior to the rectum & anterior to the anal fin.	1-3 pre-anal plates almost always occurring as median structures (occurring singly)
Plates along the anal fin	Rhombic, bony plates found along the lateral base of the anal fin (see diagram below)	No plates along the base of anal fin
Habitat/Range	Anadromous; spawn in freshwater but primarily lead a marine existence	Freshwater amphidromous; found primarily in fresh water but does make some coastal migrations

\* From Vecsei and Peterson, 2004

DWR # and Description: \_\_\_\_\_

Originated by: Steve Niero

Date: 20141008

Checked by: Paul Moccio

Date: 20141009

Describe any wounds / abnormalities (note tar or oil, gear or debris entanglement, propeller damage, etc.). Please note if no wounds / abnormalities are found.

Dead, decaying No eyes, gills, mouth decayed, Large hole @ anus  
Fins decayed

Data Access Policy: Upon written request, information submitted to National Marine Fisheries Service (NOAA Fisheries) on this form will be released to the requestor provided that the requestor credit the collector of the information and NOAA Fisheries. NOAA Fisheries will notify the collector that these data have been requested and the intent of their use.

**Submit completed forms (within 24 hours of observation of fish): by email to [Incidental.Take@noaa.gov](mailto:Incidental.Take@noaa.gov) or by fax (978-281-9394). Questions can be directed to NMFS Protected Resources Division at 978-281-9328.**

# **Certification, Identification and Chain of Custody Form for Submitting Sturgeon Genetic Tissue Samples.<sup>1,2</sup>**

## **(A) CERTIFICATION OF SPECIES (Collector)**

I, Stephen J. Niero, hereby certify that I have positively identified the  
 fish or fishes sampled in this shipment as: ☒ shortnose sturgeon; ☐ Atlantic sturgeon; ☐ other ☐ unknown  
 based on my knowledge and experience as a Environmental Scientist  
 Position Job Title

Signature: Stephen J. Niero  
 Address: 404 Airport Executive Park  
Norwalk, NY 10954  
 Phone Number: 845-708-8912

Date Identified: 10/8/14

## **(B) SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION**

Species Identification: ☒ shortnose sturgeon; ☐ Atlantic sturgeon; ☐ unknown  
 Unique ID No: 201410090101; Tissue Type: Fia Clip; Preservative: 95% ETOH  
 Location: (River: Hudson; River-km: T2 Bridge Lat/Long: 41°04.50'N 73°53.42'W;  
 River Location Description: 7200 ft W of T2 Bridge & W of Main; SPW  
 Total Length (TL) of Specimen (mm): 759 Weight of Specimen (g): 416.207; Sex (if known) unknown

Specific comments on take: \_\_\_\_\_

☐ Check here if multiple samples are submitted and use *Field Collection Report* (Appendix 3b) with the data fields listed in this section.

## **(C) EVIDENCE OF CHAIN OF CUSTODY**

1. <u>Stephen J. Niero</u> Release Signature	<u>NER-2014-11317</u> NMFS Permit No.	<u>Shipment via UPS</u> Method of Transfer	<u>10/7/14</u> Date
_____ Receipt Signature	_____ NMFS Permit No.		_____ Date
2. _____ Release Signature	_____ NMFS Permit No.	_____ Method of Transfer	_____ Date
_____ Receipt Signature	_____ NMFS Permit No.		_____ Date
3. _____ Release Signature	_____ NMFS Permit No.	_____ Method of Transfer	_____ Date
_____ Receipt Signature	_____ NMFS Permit No.		_____ Date

<sup>1</sup> Instructions on next page.

<sup>2</sup> If multiple samples are shipped, attach summary sheet

Summary Sheet for Genetic Tissue Samples Collected<sup>1,2</sup>[illegible]

1. Please coordinate with NMFS to receive a file copy of this appendix in spreadsheet format and include file on disk with shipment.
2. If multiple samples are shipped, attach this form to supplement Appendix 3a.

DWR # and Description: _____	
Originated by: <u>Steve Niero</u>	Date: <u>20141008</u>
Checked by: <u>Paul Moccio</u>	Date: <u>20141009</u>



## NMFS Guidelines for Air Shipment of "Excepted Quantities" of Ethanol Solutions

These guidelines have been adapted with permission from the University of New Hampshire Office of Environmental Health & Safety, our appreciation is to Andy Glode for providing reference materials upon which this guide was created.

The U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT: 49 CFR 173.4) and the International Air Transport Association (IATA: 2007 Dangerous Goods Regulations, Sec. 2.7) regulate shipments of ethanol (ETOH) in *excepted quantities*. As a result, specific procedures must be followed as well as certifying proper training of individuals prior to packaging and shipping specimens preserved in ETOH. These guidelines will inform proper shipping and also satisfy certifying requirements. Failure to meet such requirements could result in regulatory fines and/or imprisonment.

Therefore, prior to submitting ETOH preserved samples and appropriate documentation (e.g., a FedEx Airbill) to a carrier, please read, initial and sign this document, affirming you have understood the requirements as outlined. Please include this document in the shipping package and retain a copy for your records.

- 1) Packages and documents submitted to a carrier must not contain any materials other than those described in this document (i.e. containers holding ethanol-preserved specimens and related absorbent and packaging materials). Also, laboratory or sampling equipment, *unrelated documents*, or other goods must be packaged and shipped in separate boxes. (Note: ETOH solutions are not permitted to be transported in checked baggage, carry-on baggage, or airmail.) I understand (SSN)
- 2) Please read the manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for ETOH recognizing ETOH (55 - 100%) is classed as hazardous flammable material (NFPA Rating = 3). Note also, its vapor is capable of traveling a considerable distance to an ignition source causing "flashback." Properly packaging and labeling shipments of ethanol solutions will minimize the chance of leakage, and would also communicate the potential hazard to transport workers in the event of a leak. I understand (SSN)
  - a) **Quantity Limits:** Small quantities (inner container less than 30 ml, with a maximum net quantity of 500 ml for the entire package) of ETOH can be shipped with "Excepted Quantities" labels without completion of a Dangerous Goods Declaration. (e.g., If shipping vials having a maximum volume of 10 ml each, you may put up to 50 vials in one box.) I understand (SSN)
  - b) **Package Components:**
    - i. **Inner (primary) packaging (e.g., vial, tube, jar, etc.):** Do not completely fill inner packaging; allow 10% head-space for liquid expansion. Liquids must not completely fill inner packaging at a temperature of 55°C (130°F). Closures of inner packaging (e.g., vials with tops) must be held securely in place with tape or other positive means. I understand (SSN)
    - ii. **Intermediate (secondary) packaging (e.g. Ziplock or other plastic bag):** Place inner container(s) (e.g., vials with ETOH) into a high-quality plastic bag. Then add an absorbent material capable of absorbing any spillage without reacting with the ethanol. Seal the first bag tightly and then tape the locking seals. Next, seal the inner bag within a second bag for added safety. I understand (SSN)
    - iii. **Outer packaging (e.g., cardboard box):** Ethanol solutions may not be shipped in envelopes, Tyvek® sleeves, or other non-rigid mailers. The dimensions of the outer box must be at least 100 mm (~4 inches) on two sides. Any space between the inner packing containers placed in the outer packaging should be eliminated with additional filler. I understand (SSN)
  - c) **Package Labels:**
    - i. **Dangerous Goods in Excepted Quantities Label (Figure 1):** The label must display a "3" as the ethanol hazard class number using a black marker. You may obtain self-adhesive labels from NMFS, or else, order online. I understand (SSN)
    - ii. **Name and Address:** The outer container must display the name and address of the shipper and consignee. When re-using shipping boxes, completely remove or black out all unnecessary labels or marks. I understand (SSN)

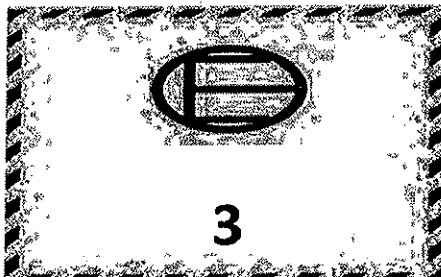


Figure 1. Dangerous Goods in Excepted Quantities label







**Tappan Zee Hudson River Crossing  
Vessel-Based Monitoring Data Form**

Page 1 of 3

**Survey Information**

Observation type (circle):

Survey

Response

Date: 10/24/14	Crew: JLC CSS	Vessel: Parker
Construction Activity: <del>PO</del> <del>TE</del>	Survey Start Time: 1200	Survey End Time: 1300

**Weather/Water Conditions (Survey Only)**

Air Temperature (°C): 14	Wind Direction: N 10-15	Wind Speed (mph): 10-15
Cloud Cover: 50%	Precipitation: None	
Wave height: 1-2'	Tide stage: Flood	
Water Temperature (°C): 16.5	Water Salinity (ppt): 7.7	

**GPS Transect Information**

Transect ID Number	Start Time	Finish Time	Starting Loc.	Finish Loc.

**Observations (Survey Only)**

Other Fish Species:					
Species ID	Quantity	Time Observed	Transect Number	Location Observed (Lat/Long)	Condition (stunned, freshly dead, decaying)
				DWR # and Description: _____	

Originated by: Casey Stokes

Date: 20141024

Checked by: Paul Moccio

Date: 20141027

\*YYYYMMDDXXZZ (XX = Chronological sample # for ea. date, ZZ = Chronological fish # in ea. sample)

**Tappan Zee Hudson River Crossing  
Vessel-Based Monitoring Data Form**

Page 2 of 3

Piscivorous/Scavenging Bird Activity Observed (Circle):	<u>Y</u>	N
Comments/Additional Observations: <div style="font-family: cursive; font-size: 1.2em; padding-top: 10px;">           12:00 - En route to Fuel up R/V Parker            observed a floating sturgeon being eaten            by several gulls. Fish appeared to be            Fresh dead &amp; was collected for processing         </div> <div style="font-family: cursive; font-size: 1.2em; position: absolute; top: 0; right: 0; width: 300px;">           6-7 Gulls eating Recovered Sturgeon         </div>		

**Sturgeon Information**

Sturgeon Observed (circle):		<u>Y</u>	N	Recovered (circle):		<u>Y</u>	N
Time Observed: 1207		Species (SN/AT):		Fish ID*: 201410240101			
Location Recovered (Lat/Lon): 41.076133 / -73.47390				Time Recovered: 1207			
Water Depth @ Recovery Loc. (ft): 6ft.			Recovery Method: Net				
Recovered From (circle):		<u>River</u>	Scow				
Condition/Disposition:		Fairly Fresh, No signs of decomposition / Partially Eaten by birds					
Photo #s:			Photo Descriptions:				
Weight (g): 5lb 15oz.		TL (mm): 832		FL (mm): 739			
Interorbital Width (mm): 53		Mouth Width (mm): 40		Fin Clip? Y <u>(N)</u>			
PIT Tag Present? Y <u>(N)</u>		PIT Tag Fitted? Y <u>(N)</u>		PIT Tag #: N/A			
Location Returned (Lat/Lon):				Time Returned:			

**Tappan Zee Hudson River Crossing  
Vessel-Based Monitoring Data Form**

**Page 3 of 3**

Water Depth @ Return Loc. (ft):	N/A	Return Method:	N/A
Sturgeon Forms Completed (circle): Sample Collection <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Incident Report <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Salvage <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			

# APPENDIX F

## Incident Report: Sturgeon Take – Tappan Zee Replacement Project

Photographs should be taken and the following information should be collected from all sturgeon (alive and dead) found in association with the TZ project. Please submit all necropsy results (including sex and stomach contents) to NMFS upon receipt.

Observer's full name: Casey Stokes  
Reporter's full name: " "

Species Identification: Shortnose

Describe project activities (i.e., dredging, pile driving, etc.) ongoing within 24 hours of observation: No In-water Activity

Date animal observed: 10/24/14 Time animal observed: 1207  
Date animal collected: 10/24/14 Time animal collected: 1207

Environmental conditions at time of observation (i.e., tidal stage, weather):  
Overcast, N winds 10-15

Water temperature (°C) at site and time of observation: ~15

Describe location of fish and how it was documented (i.e., observer on boat):

observer on boat (HQR Parker)  
41.076133 -73.87390

### Sturgeon Information:

Species Shortnose

Fork length/(or total length) 739 / 832 Weight 5 Lbs 15 oz

### Condition of specimen/description of animal

- Most of Gill Tissue missing
- Tissue missing from area around cloaca
- Tear on mouth
- 6-7 gulls feeding on fish when spotted

Fish Decomposed: NO SLIGHTLY MODERATELY SEVERELY

Fish tagged: YES / NO Please record all tag numbers. Tag # \_\_\_\_\_

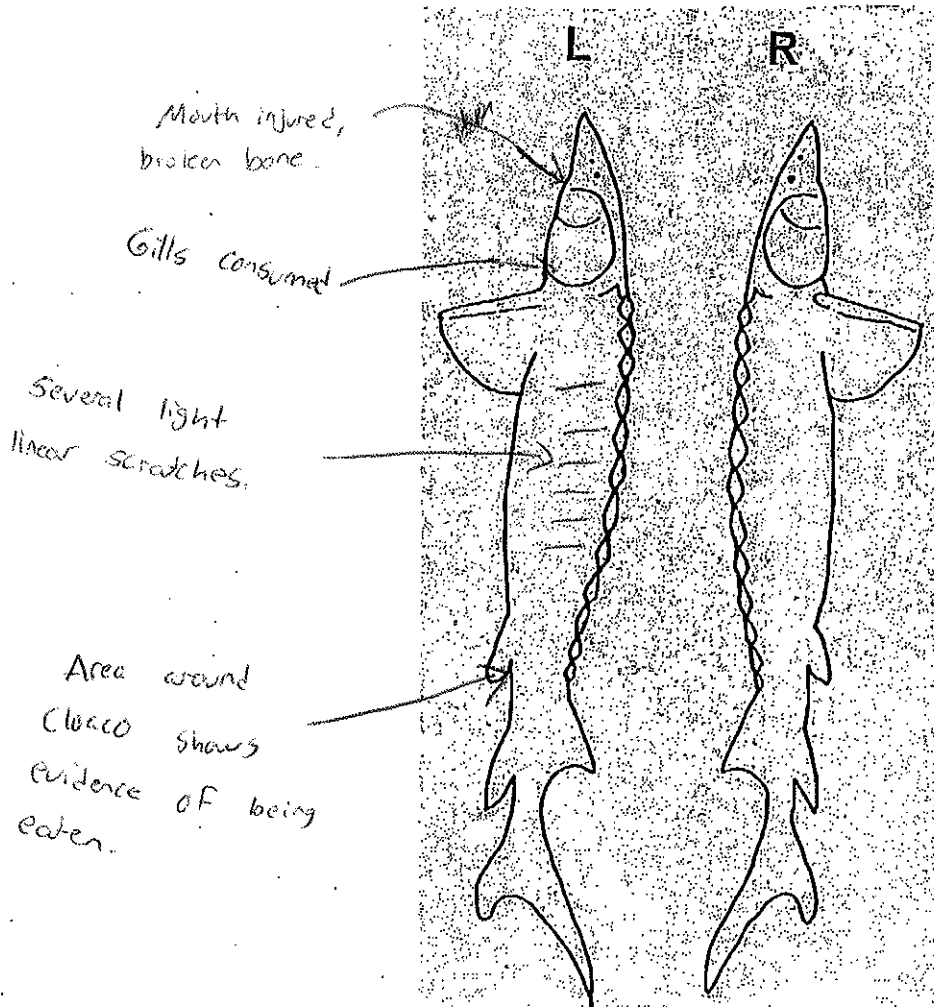
Photograph attached: YES / NO

(please label species, date, geographic site and vessel name on back of photograph)

DWR # and Description: _____	
Originated by: <u>Casey Stokes</u>	Date: <u>20141024</u>
Checked by: <u>Paul Moccio</u>	Date: <u>20141027</u>

## Appendix F, continued

Draw wounds, abnormalities, tag locations on diagram and briefly describe below



Description of fish condition:



# STURGEON DATA COLLECTION FORM

For use in documenting sturgeon injury or mortality incidental to a federal action and exempted pursuant to a NMFS issued incidental take statement

## OBSERVER'S CONTACT INFORMATION

Name: First Casey Last Stokes  
Agency Affiliation HDR Email cstokes@hdrinc.com  
Address 404 Airport Executive Park  
Nanuet, NY 10954  
Area code/Phone number 845-708-8900

SEC 7 UNIQUE IDENTIFIER (PCTS No.  
Assigned by NMFS)

NER-2014-1317

## DATE REPORTED:

Month 10 Day 24 Year 2014

## DATE EXAMINED:

Month 10 Day 24 Year 2014

## SPECIES: (check one)

- ☒ shortnose sturgeon  
☐ Atlantic sturgeon  
☐ Unidentified *Acipenser* species

Check "Unidentified" if uncertain.

See reverse side of this form for aid in identification.

## LOCATION FOUND: ☐ Offshore (Atlantic) ☒ Inshore (bay, river, sound, inlet, etc)

River/Body of Water Hudson River City Tarrytown State NY

Descriptive location (be specific) Floating in River

Latitude 41.076133 N (Dec. Degrees) Longitude 73.87390 W (Dec. Degrees)

## CARCASS CONDITION at time examined: (check one)

- ☒ 1 = Fresh dead  
☐ 2 = Moderately decomposed  
☐ 3 = Severely decomposed  
☐ 4 = Dried carcass  
☐ 5 = Skeletal, scutes & cartilage

## SEX:

- ☒ Undetermined  
☐ Female ☐ Male  
How was sex determined?  
☐ Necropsy  
☐ Eggs/milt present when pressed  
☐ Borescope

## MEASUREMENTS:

Circle unit

Fork length 73.9 cm / in

Total length 83.2 cm / in

Length ☒ actual ☐ estimate

Mouth width (inside lips, see reverse side) 4.0 cm / in

Interorbital width (see reverse side) 5.3 cm / in

Weight ☒ actual ☐ estimate 56.1502 kg / lb

TAGS PRESENT? Examined for external tags including fin clips? ☒ Yes ☐ No Scanned for PIT tags? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Tag # N/A Tag Type N/A Location of tag on carcass N/A

## CARCASS DISPOSITION: (check one or more)

- ☐ 1 = Left where found  
☐ 2 = Buried  
☒ 3 = Collected for necropsy/salvage  
☐ 4 = Frozen for later examination  
☐ 5 = Other (describe) \_\_\_\_\_

## Carcass Necropsied?

☐ Yes ☐ No

Date Necropsied: \_\_\_\_\_

Necropsy Lead: \_\_\_\_\_

## PHOTODOCUMENTATION:

Photos/video taken? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Disposition of Photos/Video: \_\_\_\_\_

## SAMPLES COLLECTED? ☒ Yes ☐ No

Sample	How preserved	Disposition (person, affiliation, use)
<u>Pelvic fin clip</u>	<u>Ethanol</u>	

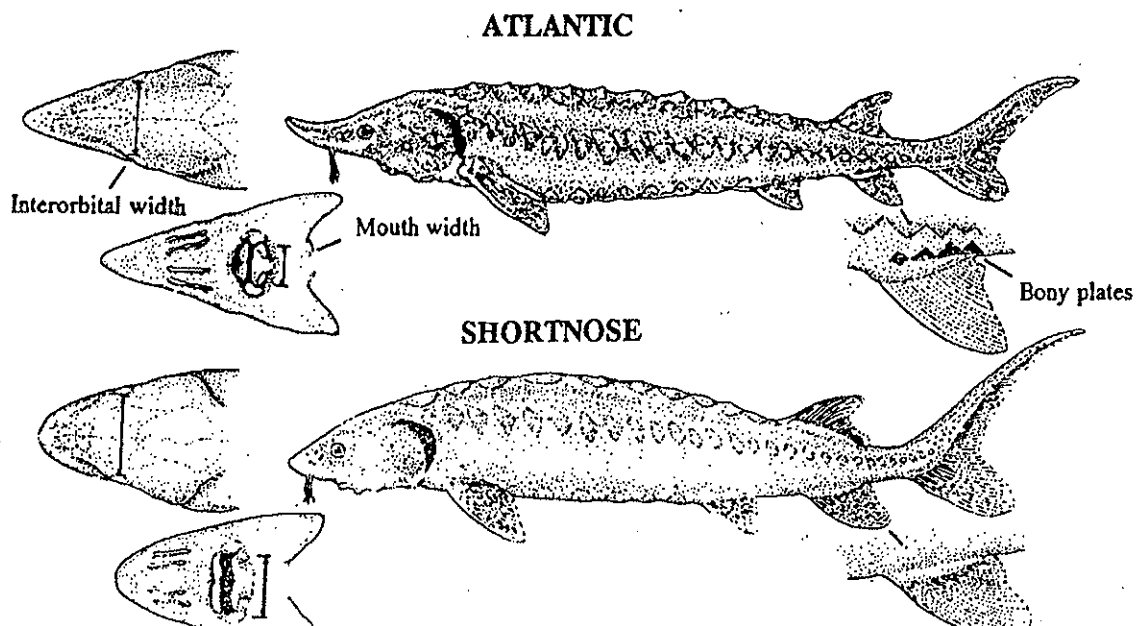
## Comments:

- Most of gills and cloaca area missing; 6-7 gills were feeding on it  
- Tear on Mouth

Distinguishing Characteristics of Atlantic and Shortnose Sturgeon (version 07-20-2009)

Characteristic	Atlantic Sturgeon, <i>Acipenser oxyrinchus</i>	Shortnose Sturgeon, <i>Acipenser brevirostrum</i>
Maximum length	> 9 feet/ 274 cm	4 feet/ 122 cm
Mouth	Football shaped and small. Width inside lips < 55% of bony interorbital width	Wide and oval in shape. Width inside lips > 62% of bony interorbital width
*Pre-anal plates	Paired plates posterior to the rectum & anterior to the anal fin.	1-3 pre-anal plates almost always occurring as median structures (occurring singly)
Plates along the anal fin	Rhombic, bony plates found along the lateral base of the anal fin (see diagram below)	No plates along the base of anal fin
Habitat/Range	Anadromous; spawn in freshwater but primarily lead a marine existence	Freshwater amphidromous; found primarily in fresh water but does make some coastal migrations

\* From Vecsei and Peterson, 2004



Describe any wounds / abnormalities (note tar or oil, gear or debris entanglement, propeller damage, etc.). Please note if no wounds / abnormalities are found.

See comments on first page

Data Access Policy: Upon written request, information submitted to National Marine Fisheries Service (NOAA Fisheries) on this form will be released to the requestor provided that the requestor credit the collector of the information and NOAA Fisheries. NOAA Fisheries will notify the collector that these data have been requested and the intent of their use.

Submit completed forms (within 30 days of date of investigation) to: Northeast Region Contacts - Shortnose Sturgeon Recovery Coordinator (Jessica Pruden, [Jessica.Pruden@noaa.gov](mailto:Jessica.Pruden@noaa.gov), 978-282-8482) or Atlantic Sturgeon Recovery Coordinator (Lynn Lankshear, [Lynn.Lankshear@noaa.gov](mailto:Lynn.Lankshear@noaa.gov), 978-282-8473). Southeast Region Contacts - Shortnose Sturgeon Recovery Coordinator (Stephanie Bolden, [Stephanie.Bolden@noaa.gov](mailto:Stephanie.Bolden@noaa.gov), 727-824-5312) or Atlantic Sturgeon Recovery Coordinator (Kelly Shotts, [Kelly.Shotts@noaa.gov](mailto:Kelly.Shotts@noaa.gov), 727-551-5603).



# Appendix 3a:

## Certification, Identification and Chain of Custody Form for Submitting Sturgeon Genetic Tissue Samples.<sup>1,2</sup>

### (A) CERTIFICATION OF SPECIES (Collector)

I, Casey Stokes, hereby certify that I have positively identified the fish or fishes sampled in this shipment as: ☒ shortnose sturgeon; ☐ Atlantic sturgeon; ☐ other ☐ unknown based on my knowledge and experience as a Environmental Scientist Position Job Title

Signature: [Signature] Date Identified: 10/24/14  
Address: 404 Airport Executive Park  
Wentz, NJ 07084  
Phone Number: 845-706-8900

### (B) SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION

Species Identification: ☒ shortnose sturgeon; ☐ Atlantic sturgeon; ☐ unknown  
Unique ID No: 201410240101 Tissue Type: Whole Fish / Fin Clip; Preservative: ICC/Ethanol  
Location: (River: Hudson; River-km: 0.07; Lat/Long: 41.076133/-73.87390)  
River Location Description: Off shore / 6' of water; lbs  
Total Length (TL) of Specimen (mm): 832 Weight of Specimen (g): 54.15oz.; Sex (if known) N/A

Specific comments on take: Fish missing most of gill tissue and tissue around cloaca; 6-7 gills feeding on sturgeon when spotted  
- Damage/How do nothing

☐ Check here if multiple samples are submitted and use Field Collection Report (Appendix 3b) with the data fields listed in this section.

### (C) EVIDENCE OF CHAIN OF CUSTODY

1. <u>[Signature]</u> Release Signature	<u>NEP-2014-11317</u> NMFS Permit No.	<u>Handled off</u> Method of Transfer	<u>10/24/14</u> Date
<u>[Signature]</u> Receipt Signature	<u>[Blank]</u> NMFS Permit No.		<u>10/24/14</u> Date
2. <u>[Blank]</u> Release Signature	<u>[Blank]</u> NMFS Permit No.	<u>[Blank]</u> Method of Transfer	<u>[Blank]</u> Date
<u>[Blank]</u> Receipt Signature	<u>[Blank]</u> NMFS Permit No.		<u>[Blank]</u> Date
3. <u>[Blank]</u> Release Signature	<u>[Blank]</u> NMFS Permit No.	<u>[Blank]</u> Method of Transfer	<u>[Blank]</u> Date
<u>[Blank]</u> Receipt Signature	<u>[Blank]</u> NMFS Permit No.		<u>[Blank]</u> Date

<sup>1</sup> Instructions on next page.

<sup>2</sup> If multiple samples are shipped, attach summary sheet in Appendix 3b.



**Appendix 3b**      **Summary Sheet for Genetic Tissue Samples Collected<sup>1,2</sup>**



**APPENDIX C**

**Sturgeon Necropsy Report  
October 24, 2014**



**Sturgeon Necropsy  
Final Memorandum  
Specimen #201410240101  
Reported to NYSTA: October 24, 2014  
Necropsy performed: October 24, 2014  
Final Report filed by examiner: November 12, 2014  
Final Memorandum filed with agencies: November 13, 2014**

A dead shortnose sturgeon<sup>1</sup> was recovered by Tappan Zee Constructors at 12:07pm on Friday, October 24, 2014. The fish was found in the Hudson River just north of the Tappan Zee Bridge and just outside of the Tarrytown Boat Club in Westchester County on the eastern side of the river. In accordance with the conditions of the NMFS Biological Opinion (September 2014) and the DEC environmental permit ID 3-9903-00043/00012, the sturgeon was recovered, examined, and determined to be suitable for necropsy based on procedures detailed in the Dredging and Pile Driving Monitoring Plan and the Sturgeon Necropsy Plan for the New NY Bridge project. In accordance with these Plans, the sturgeon was immediately placed on ice and transferred the same day by AKRF to Dr. Rod Getchell at Cornell University's College of Veterinary Medicine for necropsy to determine the potential cause of mortality.

Dr. Getchell, in consultation with Dr. Paul Bowser, has performed a visual examination of the sturgeon and has provided a Final Necropsy Report detailing his findings (see attached). The Final Report includes an assessment, based on gross pathology, histology, and bacteriology, of the likelihood that the sturgeon mortality was related to project activities including exposure to elevated sound pressure levels, interaction with the dredge bucket, or vessel strike.

During the necropsy, external processing was performed on the sturgeon to visually evaluate, via the presence of lacerations or amputation, the possibility of vessel collision, or interaction with the dredge bucket as the potential cause of death. Internal processing was conducted to detect the presence of lesions on the external surface of organs or tissues consistent with barotrauma (e.g., hemorrhage, hematoma, perforated swim bladder) that would indicate exposure to elevated sound pressure levels during pile driving. To further assess the possibility of barotrauma as the cause of death, histopathology was used to evaluate microscopic-hemorrhages on the internal organs. To assess the possibility of natural mortality, the sturgeon was also examined for signs of bacterial or viral infection, parasite load, and starvation. Bacterial cultures, viral isolation, skin scrapings, and examination of food content in the digestive tract were used to evaluate the potential for natural mortality as the cause of death. The detailed procedures for external and internal processing are described in the Sturgeon Necropsy Plan.

---

<sup>1</sup> Species identification was based on the ratio of interorbital width to mouth width and the absence of scutes above the anal fin.

## **Necropsy Findings**

Based on the final results of the necropsy, Dr. Getchell concludes that “there was no evidence to suggest this fish was exposed to any barotrauma or other impacts besides the perforations and missing gills that appeared to be due to scavenging.” He noted that the most obvious observation was the absence of gills and the presence of several perforations, most likely caused by scavenging. These observations are illustrated in Figures 1 through 4 in the Final Necropsy Report and are in agreement with those made by the TZC sturgeon monitoring crew that recovered the sturgeon (see Appendix F – Incident Report: Sturgeon Take – Tappan Zee Replacement Project). At the time of recovery, the sturgeon was being scavenged by 6-7 gulls, according to TZC’s Incident Report.

Gross internal and external examination revealed “no apparent lesions besides perforations”. Moreover, “the internal organs appeared normal by both gross and histological means” as illustrated in Figures 5 through 16. As shown in Figures 5 through 7, the swim bladder was in tact at the time of necropsy and not perforated or ruptured as might occur in the case of barotrauma. These results suggest that vessel interaction and barotrauma caused by exposure to underwater noise were unlikely causes of mortality for this sturgeon. The estimated time of death for this sturgeon further support this contention.

Following the examination of preliminary histological samples, Dr. Getchell has determined that, “fixed tissues supports an estimation of time of death to be 24 to 48 hours”, which would have been sometime between noon on Wednesday, October 22nd and noon on Thursday, October 23rd. Project-related activities, including pile driving, were suspended on Wednesday and Thursday, October 22nd and 23rd due to inclement weather and TZC discontinued pile-driving activities at 9:21 am on Wednesday, October 22nd; dredging activities have not occurred since November 2013. Given this time frame, it is unlikely that the cause of mortality was project-related as project activities had not occurred during the time period in which the sturgeon was estimated to have died.

While the official diagnosis remains “open”, the weight of the evidence presented in the Final Necropsy Report leads the Thruway Authority to conclude that this sturgeon mortality was not related to dredging, underwater noise associated with pile driving, or vessel activity.





Cornell University

*Aquatic Animal Health Program*

Dept. of Microbiology and Immunology  
College of Veterinary Medicine  
Cornell University  
Ithaca, NY 14853-6401  
Tel: (607) 253-4028 Fax: (607) 253-3384

<b>Case number:</b>	FPL2014-013	<b>Report Date:</b>	11/12/2014
<b>Date received:</b>	10/24/2014	<b>Diagnosticians:</b>	Getchell

<b>Client Name:</b>	Justin Krebs	<b>Type of sample:</b>	1 whole fish
		<b>Species:</b>	Shortnose Sturgeon ( <i>Acipenser brevirostrum</i> )

**History:** On Friday October 24, 2014, a dead sturgeon was discovered by Tappan Zee Constructors (TZC) in the vicinity of the construction zone for the New NY Bridge. The fish was determined to be relatively fresh. The gills were mostly missing, but what remained on the underside of the operculum was still bright red. However the eyes were slightly opaque. Justin Krebs consulted with Kathy Hattala at DEC to get a second opinion and she concurred that the fish was fresh enough for necropsy. The fish was placed on ice and transported to Cornell the same day. Delivery occurred at 11PM. Water quality measurements not taken.

**Presentation:** The fish was delivered to Cornell AAHP on October 24, 2014 by Elizabeth Matamoros of AKRF.

**Gross examination:** The Shortnose Sturgeon weighed 2230 grams, with a total length of approximately 830 mm. Briefly, the carcass has been scavenged by an unknown predator, with its gills and lower portion of intestines missing. The stomach was also perforated. Minimal post-mortem decomposition had begun. Multiple photos were taken; no apparent lesions besides the perforations were evident.

External and internal gross observations were as follows: The most obvious observation was the missing gills, which appeared to have been removed by a scavenger such as a gull. From the attached photos (Fig 1-4) it can be seen that two perforations are present near the right pectoral fin and the vent, also likely to have been caused by a scavenger. The internal organs appear normal. Photos are included in Figs. 5 to 8. There was a minor perforation of the stomach and the loss of the distal portion of the intestine, probably due to scavenging.

**Histological examination:** Examination of fixed tissues supports an estimation of time of death to be 24 to 48 hours and demonstrated the normal appearance of the following organs: heart, liver, kidneys, spleen, intestine, stomach, and ovary. Several histological photos of heart, intestines, liver and ovary tissues are included (Fig. 9-12). Additional fixed tissues, that had to be decalcified to allow for their sectioning, have now been processed and examined; they include operculum, gill, muscle, and skin (Fig. 13-16). All of the histological photos are taken through the 10X objective lens.

**Laboratory results:**

**Bacteriology:** A kidney loop sample were inoculated onto TSA/5%SB and incubated at room temperature. No significant growth has occurred.

**Toxicology:** None performed.

**Virology:** Frozen aliquots of kidney/spleen/liver were archived.

**Diagnosis:**

Open



Cornell University

*Aquatic Animal Health Program*

Dept. of Microbiology and Immunology  
College of Veterinary Medicine  
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**Comments:** The gross and histopathological observations suggest that specimen submitted was fresh, meaning the fish had died within 24 to 48 hours prior to discovery. The internal organs appeared normal by both gross and histological means. There was no evidence to suggest this fish was exposed to any barotrauma or other impacts besides the perforations and missing gills that appeared to be due to scavenging.



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Images: Fig. 1. Whole Shortnose Sturgeon



Fig. 2. Perforation of body wall posterior to right pectoral fin.

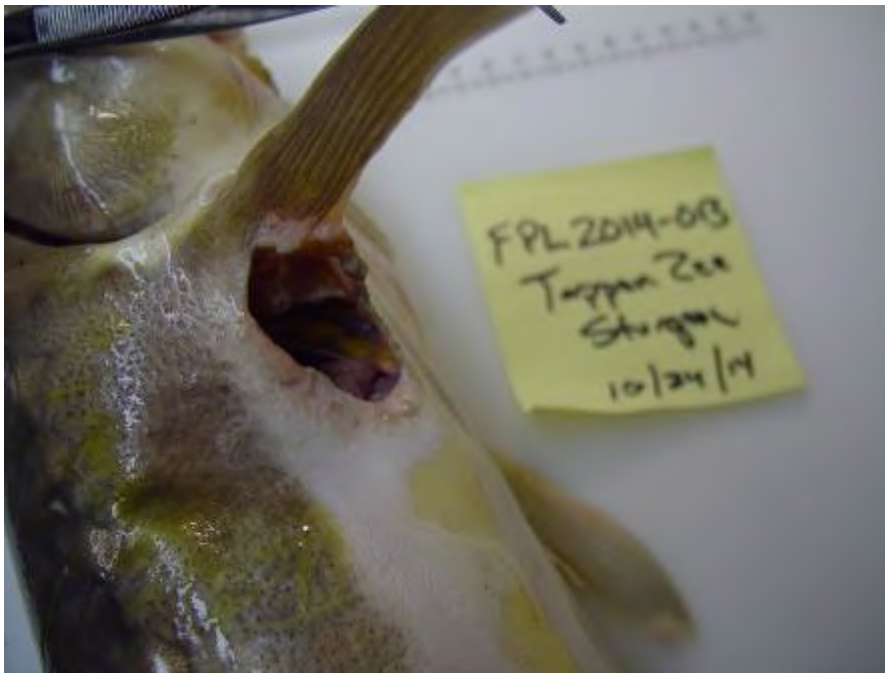


Fig. 3. Perforation of body wall posterior to pelvic fins.



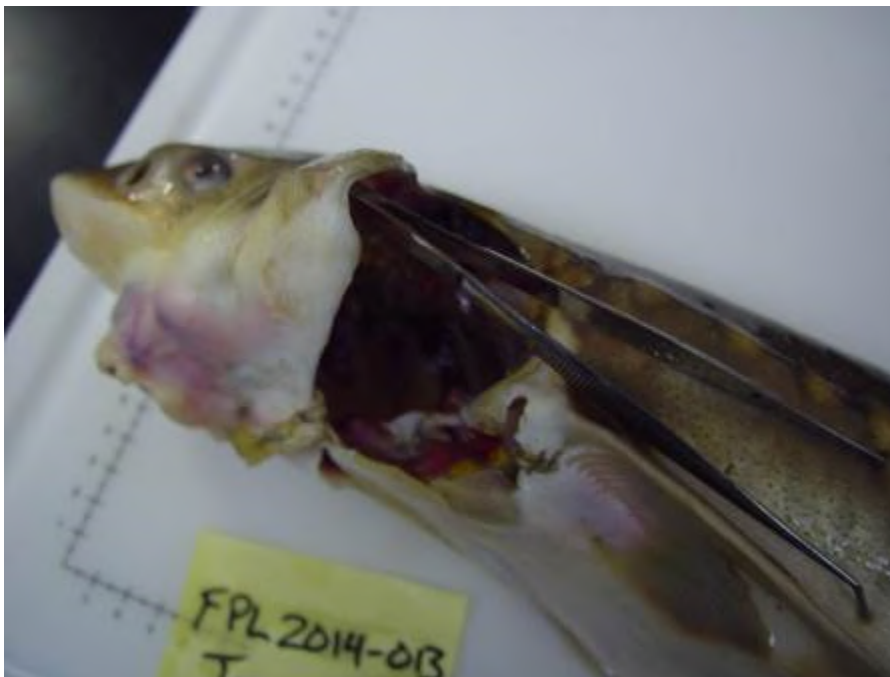
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Fig. 4. Opercula cavity with gills missing.





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Fig. 5. Internal view of coelomic cavity with normal liver, stomach, intestines, ovary and swim bladder visible.

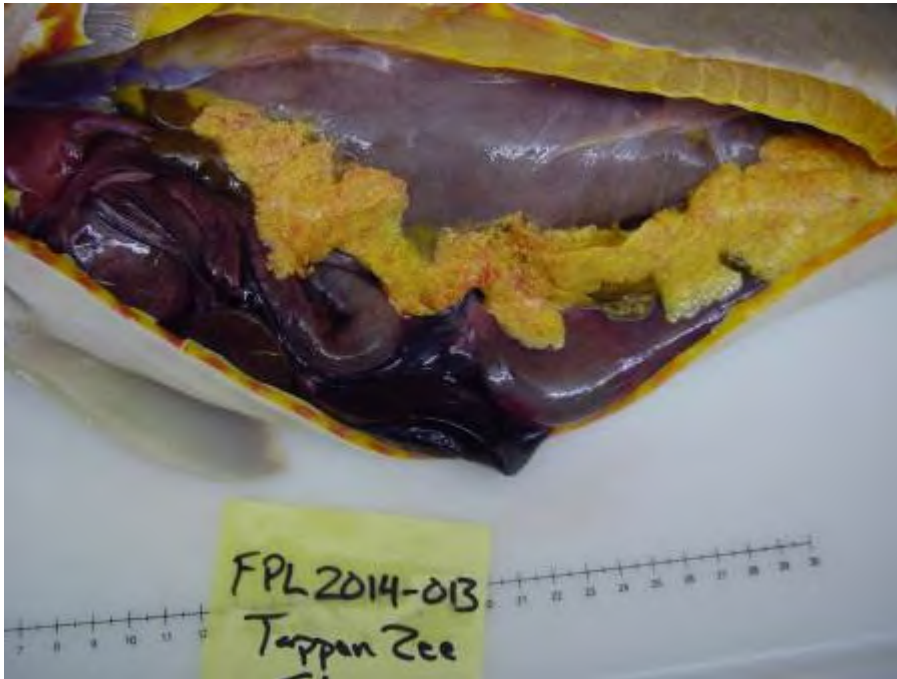


Fig. 6. . Closer internal view of coelomic cavity with the normal heart, liver, stomach, intestines, ovary and swim bladder visible.







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Fig. 7. Posterior portion of coelomic cavity with normal swim bladder, ovary, intestines, and liver visible.



Fig. 8. Upper coelomic cavity with normal heart and liver visible.





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Fig. 9. Histological section of heart with fat layer visible in lower left.

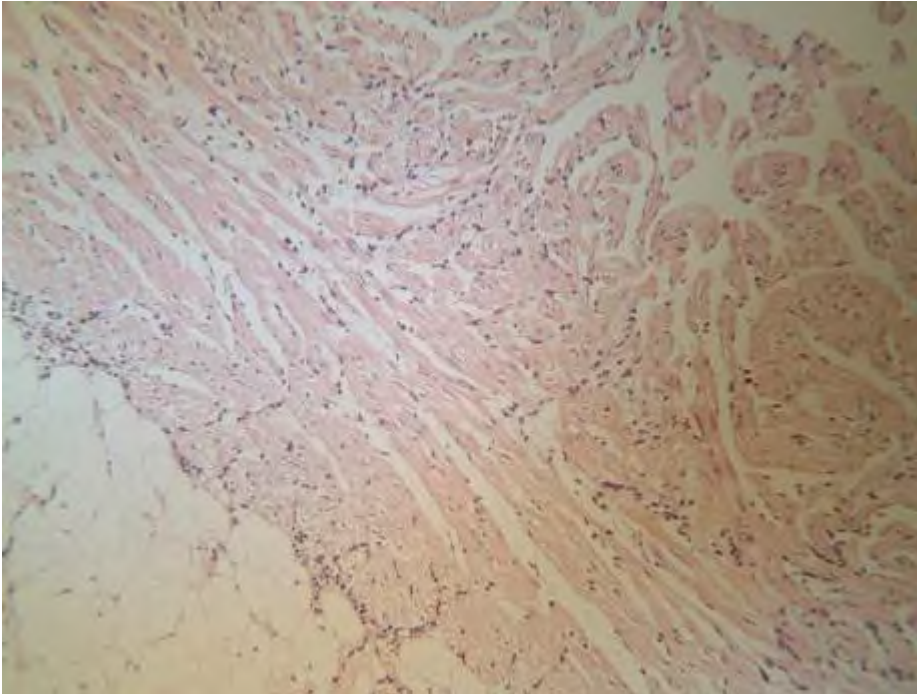
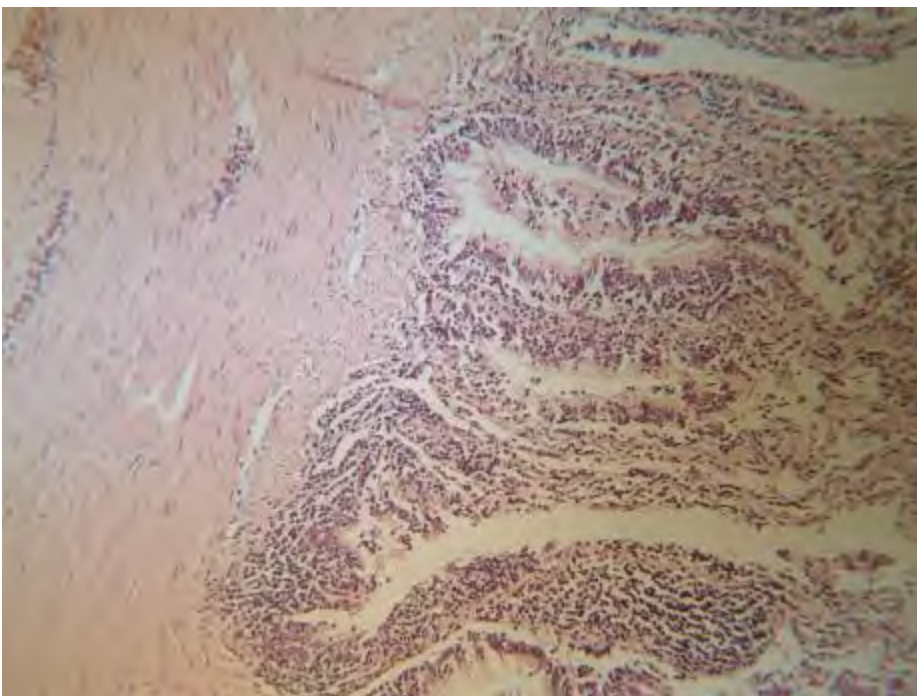


Fig. 10. Histological section of digestive tract.







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Fig. 11. Histological section of liver.

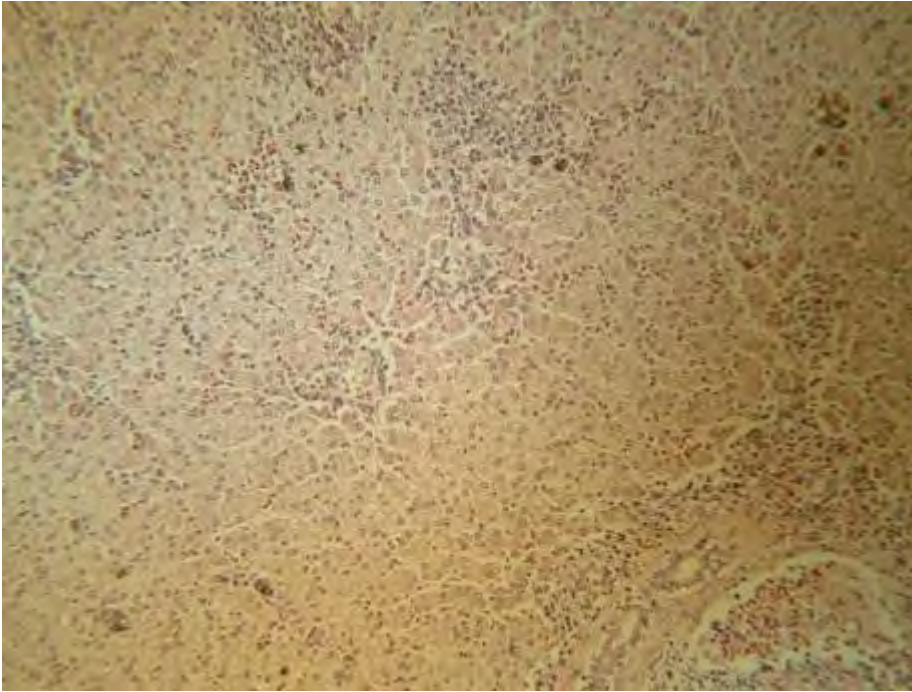


Fig. 12. Histological section of ovary.





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Fig. 13. Histological view of the inner surface of the operculum and gills.

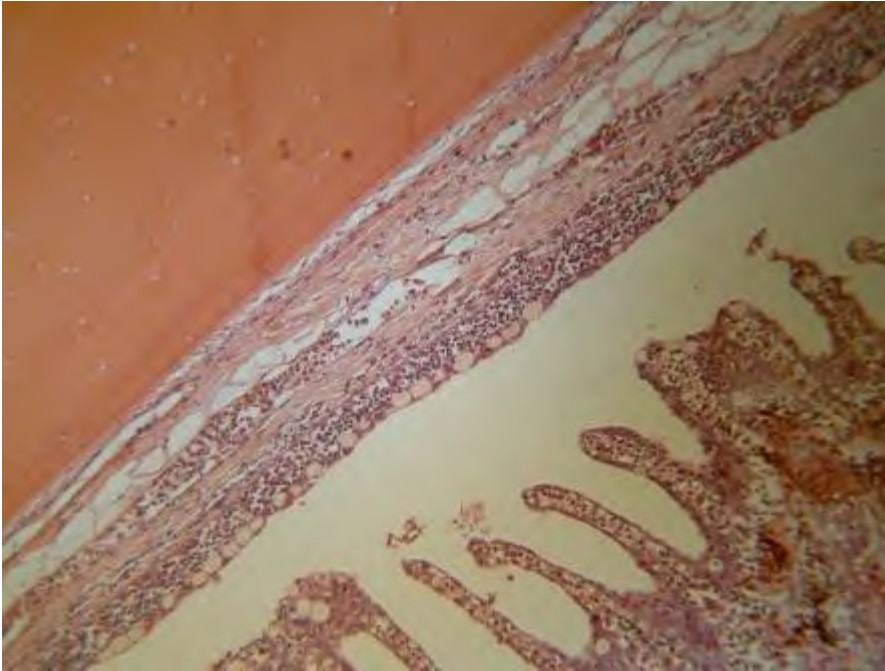
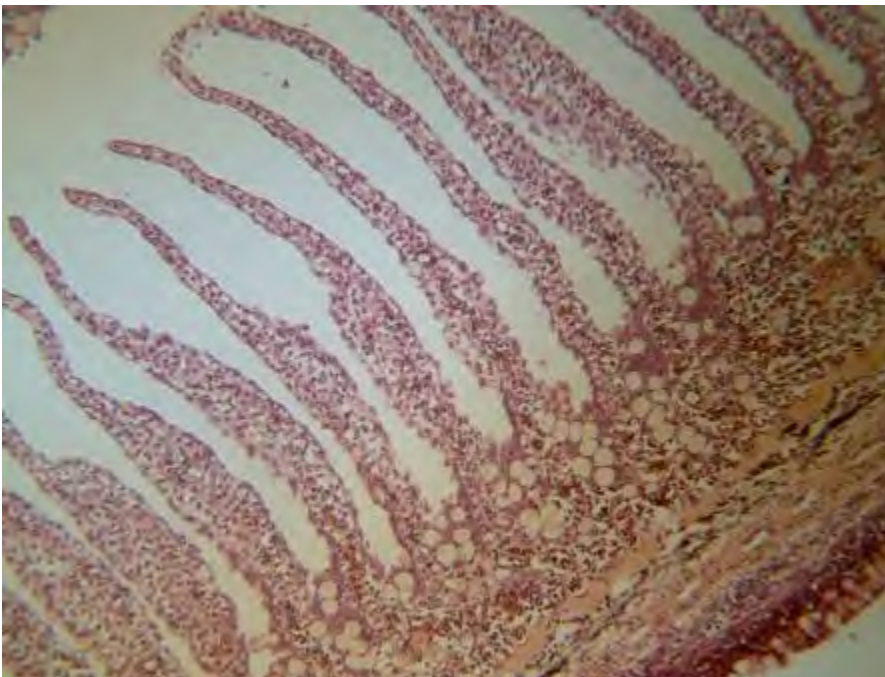


Fig. 14. Histological view of the gill lamellae.







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Fig. 15. Histological view of the skeletal muscle tissue.

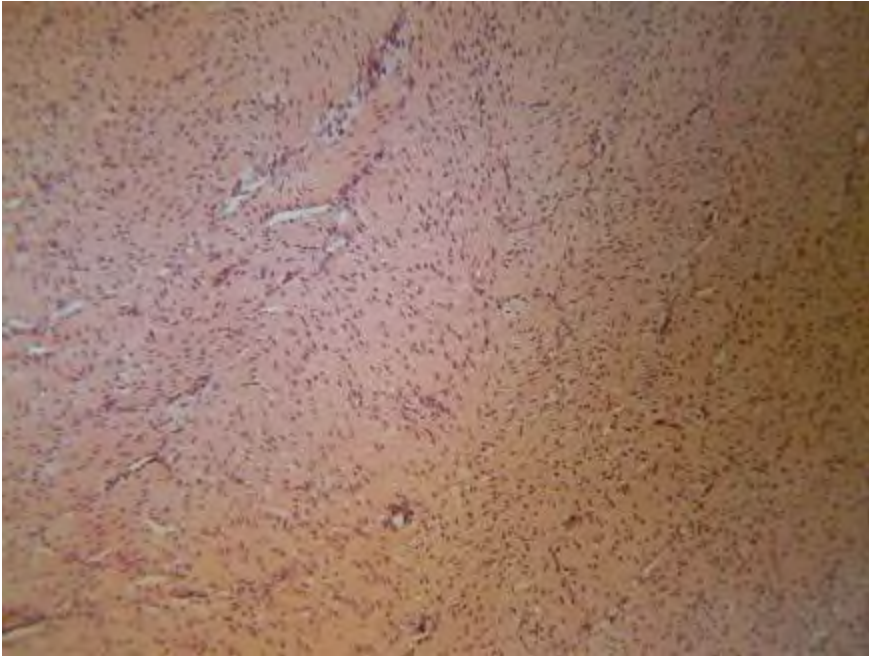
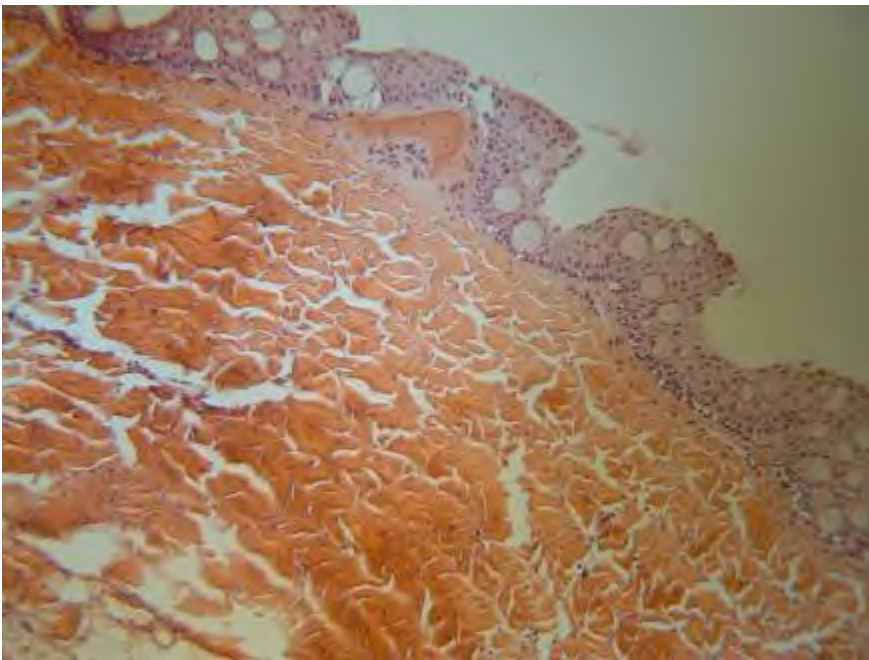


Fig. 16. Histological view of the skin and underlying muscle layer.



Rod Getchell, PhD  
Research Scientist